



Identifying Objects with related Angles using
Vision-based System integrated with Service
Robots

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March 2021

Dedication

I am dedicating this thesis to four beloved people who have meant and continue to mean so much to me. My appreciation goes to Mr. Samantha Rajapaksha for his guidance in preparation of the final document and to my family for their support.

Declaration

I hereby declare that to the best of my knowledge, this submission on the project “Identifying Unknown Objects using Service Robots” is my own work submitted to Sri Lanka Institute of Information Technology and it neither contains direct material previously published nor written by another person or material, which to substantial extent, has been accepted for the award of any other academic qualification of a university or other institute of higher learning except where acknowledgement is made in the text. This project work is submitted in the partial fulfillment of the requirement for the award of the Master of Science in Information Technology. Information derived from the published or unpublished work of others has been acknowledged in the text and a list of references is given.

Project Title: Identifying Objects with related Angles using Vision-based System integrated with Service Robots

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Date of Submission: 09th December 2021

Abstract

Manipulation an object can be done with the collaboration of a human to a robot by introducing the object in a proper way. To do this in an easy way, we can model the object inside the robot head and add some sensors and cameras to identify the specific object. But when it comes to the real world, we cannot model all the objects in the world inside a robot head. If we can manipulate every object there can be more work would have done by the robots in efficient way.

This research will present a strategy to identify the unknown objects using a vision-based system and with the perspective angles of the detected object and the system is integrated with service robots. This will go in a way when the robot should be able to identify the objects around the robot in an asynchronous manner with rotational angles and the pitch and roll angles, perspective to the robot standing surface. The research will be based on Artificial intelligence, Machine learning, and Robotics. Robotics operating system is used for simulating the robots and identification.

For the identification process, a few ways can be used. Vision-based identification using color and depth images from an RGB camera, and this research is mainly based on this RGB, and depth feature integrated with YoloV5. And there are some other ways to identify objects like using a 3D-LiDAR laser scanner. However, this learning process, should have a stable object to model and train the object. After the object recognition, by using the proposed methodology robots can calculate and estimate the angles of the detected object.

After the acquisition, the robot should be able to identify the object any time when it sees the object. Since this is a robot, we can use this to model unknown objects and retrieve the data from its database and manually name them if there is no one to name it in the time being.

Acknowledgments

My sincere thanks go to our supervisor Mr. Samantha Rajapaksha, the Head of Master's in Science - Information Technology of Sri Lanka Institute of Information Technology Computing (Pvt) Ltd. I would like to thank again him for the encouragement, patient guidance, and advice which he has provided throughout our time. He was examined his students weekly and encourage us to do the things very clearly and in a professional manner. I am lucky to have a supervisor who cared so much about my work, and who responded to my questions and solve them every time.

Contents

| | |
|---|----|
| Introduction..... | 9 |
| Project Description Introduction..... | 10 |
| Retrieving Unknown Objects In-The-Loop Based Interactive mechanism using service Robots | 10 |
| Parameter Identification of an Unknown Object | 11 |
| Autonomous Acquisition of Generic Handheld Objects in Unstructured Environments and Backtracking for Object Recognition | 11 |
| Obstacle Detection using 2D LiDAR..... | 13 |
| Literature Survey | 14 |
| Object Identification by 3D LiDAR | 14 |
| Learning to identify objects in hierarchical based system | 15 |
| Pointing Gesture-based system to learn unknown Object..... | 16 |
| Object identification using reaction force..... | 17 |
| Identifying a Moving Object with an Accelerometer | 18 |
| Learning Unknown Objects by Multi-Fingered Robot Hand | 19 |
| Visual Tracking and Depth Estimation of Mobile Robots..... | 20 |
| Identifying Unknown Material of an object using service robots..... | 20 |
| Unknown Object Detection and Tracking | 21 |
| Estimating Rotation Angle using Deep Learning..... | 21 |
| Implementation Tools..... | 22 |
| ROS..... | 22 |
| ROS based service robots | 22 |
| ROS multi robot simulation | 23 |
| Gazebo | 24 |
| Ontology | 24 |
| Problem Statement (Definition)..... | 25 |
| Research Objectives & Research Questions | 25 |
| Main Objective | 25 |
| Objectives | 26 |
| Detecting an object | 26 |
| Identifying the unknown object | 26 |
| Naming the object..... | 26 |

| | |
|---|----|
| Modelling the object and Storing the object in a database..... | 27 |
| reidentify the acquisition object..... | 27 |
| Use vision based system to identify an object..... | 27 |
| Estimate the rotational angle of the object perspective to the robot | 27 |
| Calculate the pitch and roll angles of the detected object perspective to the robot | 28 |
| Methodology..... | 29 |
| Object recognition using Real sense camera | 31 |
| Estimating of angles of an object..... | 31 |
| Implementation of the Project..... | 32 |
| Installing ROS..... | 32 |
| Gazebo | 33 |
| Installing related packages to the Research | 33 |
| Vision Based object Detection..... | 35 |
| Recognize objects using package find_object_2d from RGB camera | 35 |
| 3D object recognition packages in ROS | 36 |
| Detecting and recognizing objects from 3D | 36 |
| ORK packages in ROS..... | 37 |
| Integration with turtlebot3 | 38 |
| 3D object recognition..... | 39 |
| 2D Object identification through RGB camera..... | 39 |
| ROS packages for 3D object Recognition | 41 |
| Recognizing object..... | 42 |
| Using YOLOv5 for object detection..... | 43 |
| Implementation of Object Recognition using YOLO version 5 | 43 |
| Yolo bot Control Package | 44 |
| Yolo bot Description Package | 45 |
| Yolo bot Gazebo Package | 47 |
| Object Recognition Package | 47 |
| Object recognition using Real sense camera | 48 |
| Estimating of angles of an object..... | 49 |
| Finding the rotation angle of the detected object..... | 50 |
| Calculate pitch and roll angles of the detected object | 50 |
| Experimental results: | 54 |
| Object Detection..... | 54 |
| Estimation of rotation angles and pitch and roll angles | 54 |
| Working Plan and Time Schedule | 56 |

| | |
|---------------------------------|----|
| Facilities Required | 57 |
| Feasibility..... | 57 |
| Budget..... | 57 |
| Conclusion and future work..... | 58 |
| List of References | 59 |
| Appendices..... | 65 |

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